

Triacs

BT136 series

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

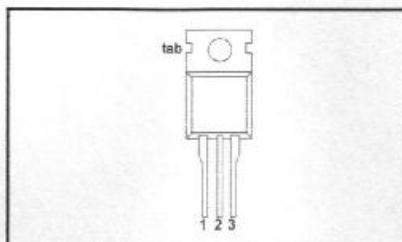
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | MAX. | MAX. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | BT136- | 500 | 600 | 800 | |
| | BT136- | 500F | 600F | 800F | |
| | BT136- | 500G | 600G | 800G | |
| V_{DRM} | Repetitive peak off-state voltages | 500 | 600 | 800 | V |
| $I_{T(RMS)}$ | RMS on-state current | 4 | 4 | 4 | A |
| I_{TSM} | Non-repetitive peak on-state current | 25 | 25 | 25 | A |

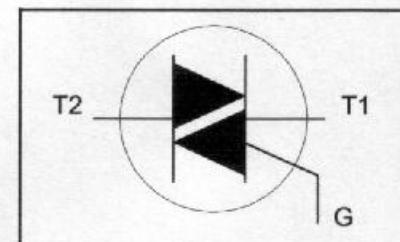
PINNING - TO220AB

| PIN | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | main terminal 1 |
| 2 | main terminal 2 |
| 3 | gate |
| tab | main terminal 2 |

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|--|--|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| V_{DRM} | Repetitive peak off-state voltages | | - | -500 500 ¹ | V |
| $I_{T(RMS)}$ I_{TSM} | RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current | full sine wave; $T_{mb} \leq 107^\circ C$ full sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ C$ prior to surge $t = 20\text{ ms}$ $t = 16.7\text{ ms}$ $t = 10\text{ ms}$ $I_{TM} = 6\text{ A}; I_G = 0.2\text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 0.2\text{ A}/\mu s$ | - | 4 25 27 3.1 | A |
| I^2t dI/dt | I^2t for fusing Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering | | - | 50 50 50 10 | $A/\mu s$ $A/\mu s$ $A/\mu s$ $A/\mu s$ |
| I_{GM} V_{GM} P_{GM} $P_{G(AV)}$ T_{stg} T_j | Peak gate current Peak gate voltage Peak gate power Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature | over any 20 ms period | - - - - -40 | 2 5 5 0.5 150 125 | A V W W C C |

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 3 A/ μs .